

# Transition of Shanghai ATM Automation System

*Chen Wenxiu*

NanJing, 2018-11-22



## 1. Background

## 2. Challenges and Solutions

## 3. Conclusions and Suggestions



## NESACC

Three Fully Integrated Air Traffic Control Centres



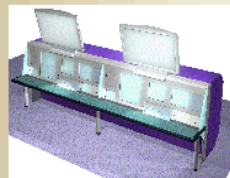
- BEIJING
- 18 En-Route Suites
  - 5 Terminal Approach (TMA) Suites
  - 6 Simulator Suites
  - 1 Tower & 1 Remote Suite
  - Software Support Facility (4 Suites)

- SHANGHAI
- 22 En-Route Suites
  - 4 Terminal Approach (TMA) Suites
  - 6 Simulator Suites
  - 2 Tower Suites

- GUANGZHOU
- 24 En-Route Suites
  - 6 Terminal Approach (TMA) Suites
  - 6 Simulator Suites

■ Total of 530 Computers

■ 224 Operational & Technical Positions



## NESACC Program

Contract: 2001.09

BeiJing ACC: 2004.12

Shanghai ACC: 2005.08

GuangZhou ACC: 2005.11

TianJin(TCU of BeiJing):  
2008.4

HeFei(TCU of ShangHai):  
2008.1

70%+ Air Traffic of China





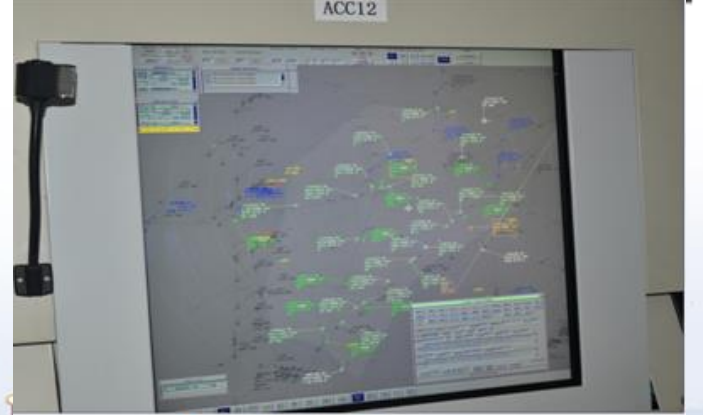
ICAO

# 1.2 Background--Why



中国民用航空局  
空中交通管理局  
Air Traffic Management Bureau, CAAC

- Rapid Air Traffic Growth
- Capacity and System Load
- New Operational Requirements
- Hardware Issues
- New Technologies
- .....





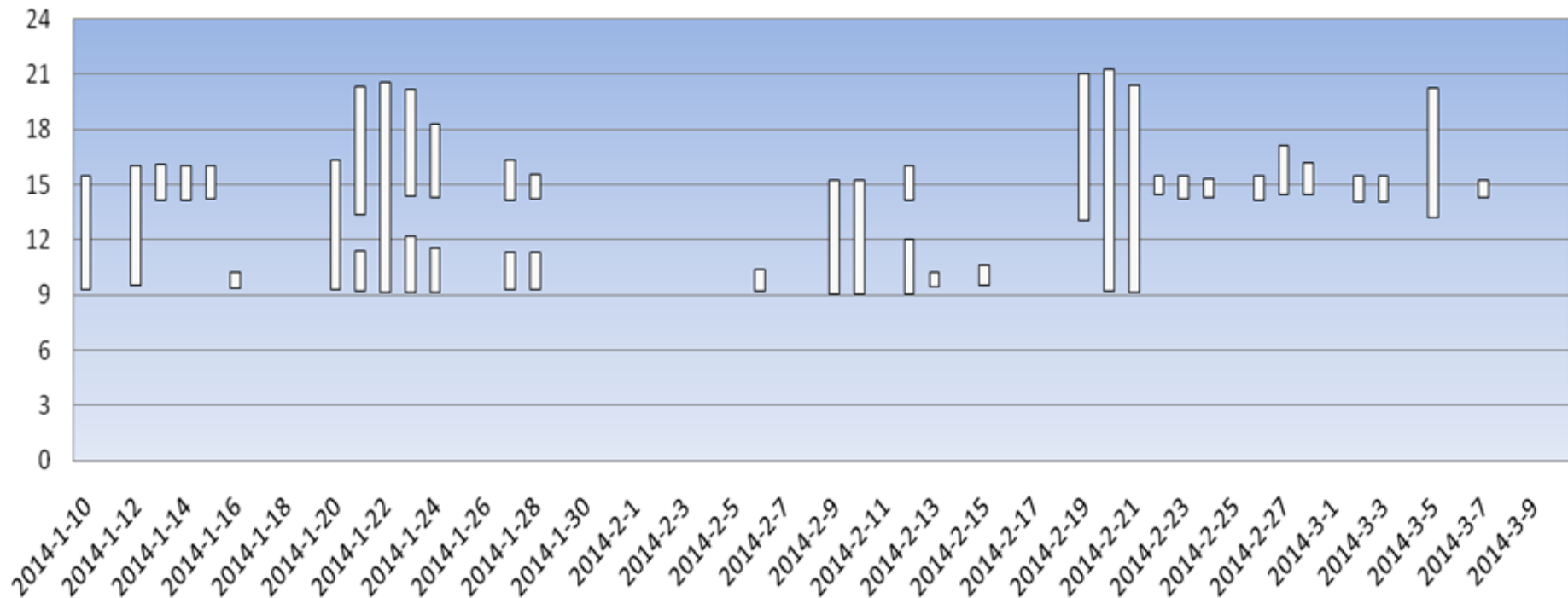
ICAO

# 1.2 Background--Why



中国民用航空局  
空中交通管理局  
Air Traffic Management Bureau, CAAC

## RDP CPU High Alerts





# 1.2 Background--What



## NESACC EUROCAT-X Upgrade Program (NEUP)

2011.7.28

## NESACC EUROCAT-X Hardware Upgrade Program (NEHUP)

2013.7.31

## Purposes

1. Increased Capacity
2. New Requirements
3. New Technologies
4. New Hardware (>60%)

### NEUP

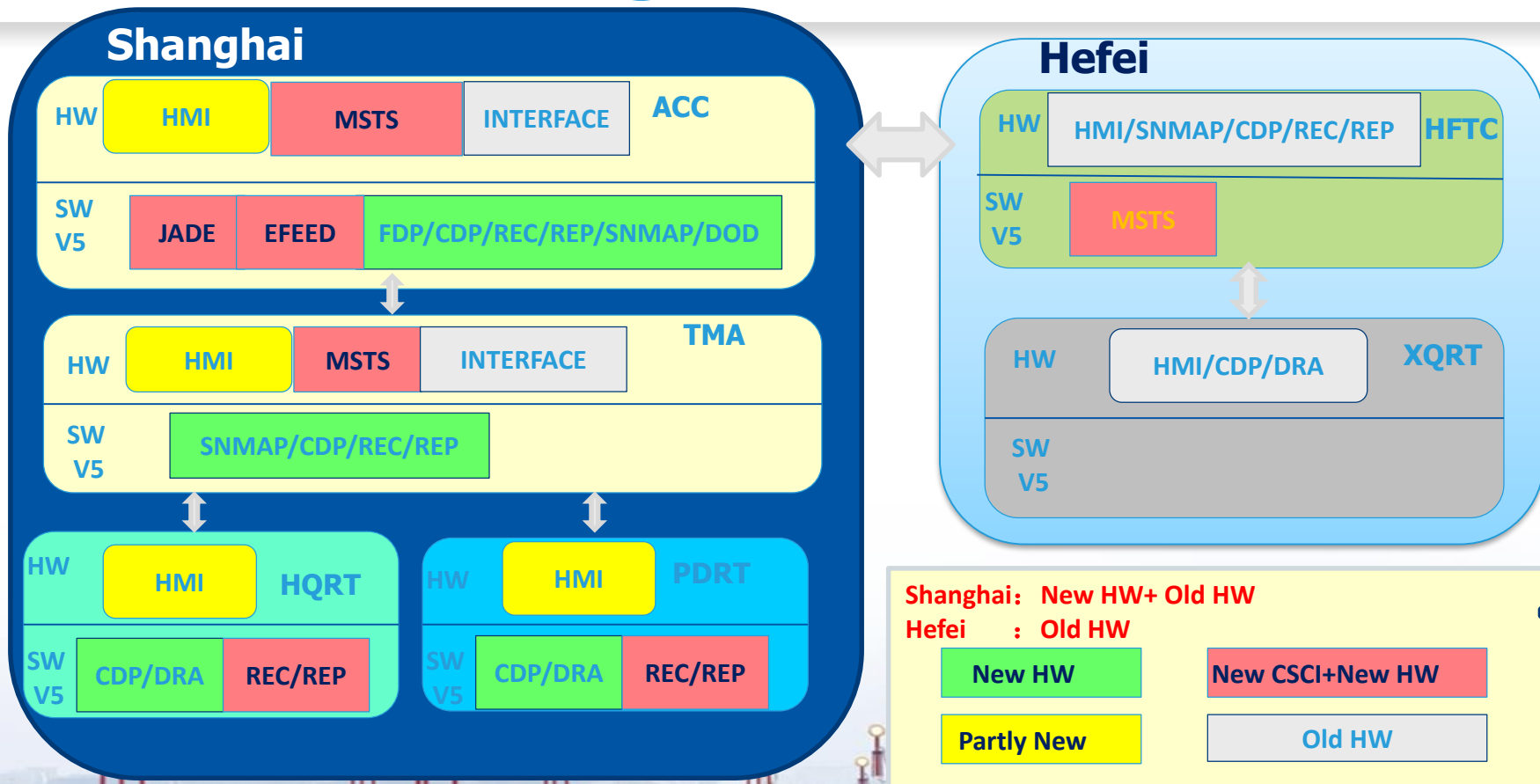
1. The most advanced Eurocat-X Product version (V5)
2. Linux based architecture
3. New ECRs;
4. New interfaces and new CSCIs(MSTS, JADE, eFEED )

### NEHUP

1. New hardware  
DS10-DL380 G8,HP Z420  
uline->pline  
Enterasys->Cisco
2. ICAO 2012 Doc. 4444



# 1.2 Background-How





ICAO

# 1.3 Situation of Transition



中国民用航空局  
空中交通管理局  
Air Traffic Management Bureau, CAAC

## Urgent

Reach maximum capacity (eg. RDP CPU load more than **70%**)

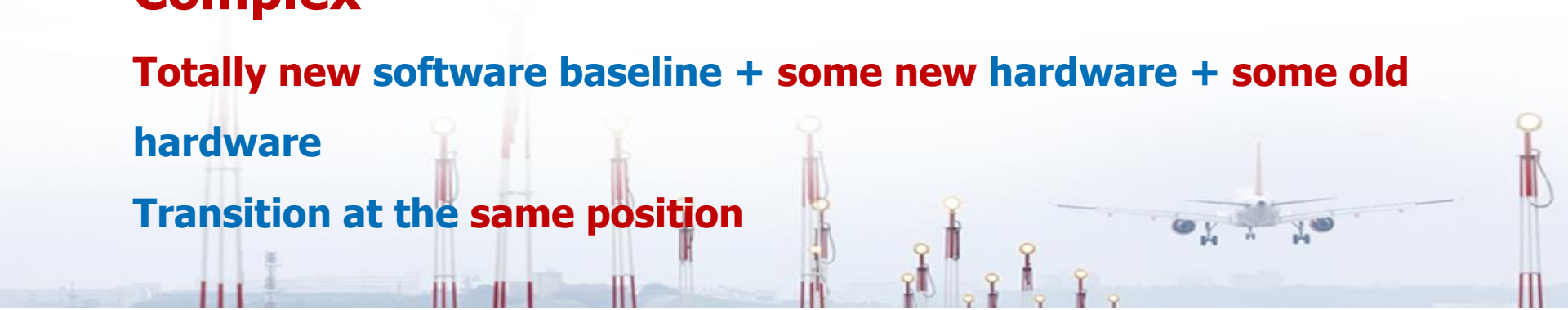
No free position for new sector(**119** HMIs of **120**)

The transition must be done before the summer season (June)

## Complex

**Totally new software baseline + some new hardware + some old hardware**

Transition at the **same position**







## Difficult

- **2** Cities
- **5** Sites
- **5** Systems (The “new” , the old , backup system, HeFei “new” ,backup system)
- **10+** Departments
- **10+** related interfaces or systems (AIDC,CDM,SMR,EFS,BILL...)

## Risky

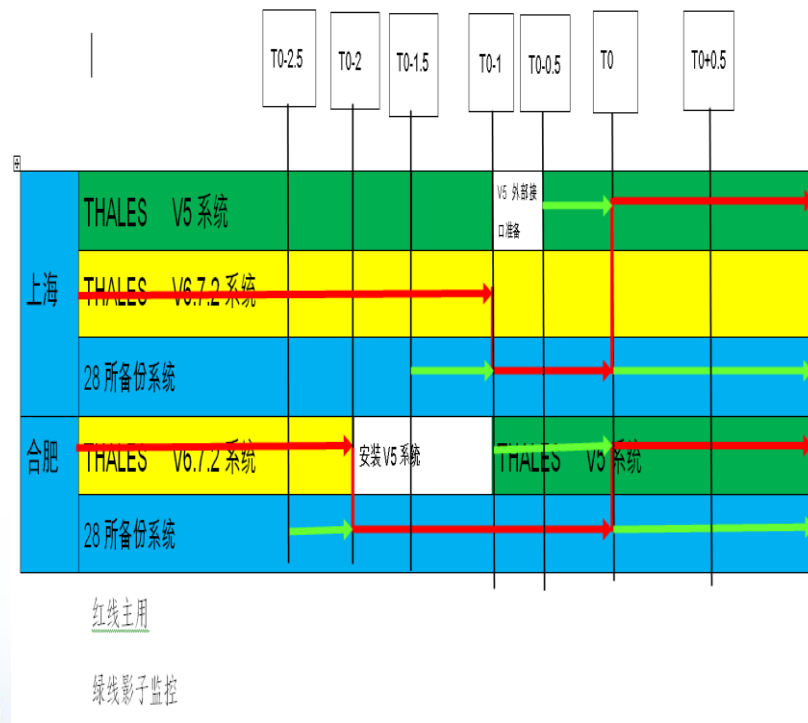
- **Uncertainty** of the new software( 126 +118 PCRs )
- **Large** scale system (12 partitions, 300+ servers,119 HMIs)
- **5000+** flights per day (800 fights in rush time)
- Transition overnight, **no Shadow** (pseudo shadow)
- **No** referential experiences for similar projects



# 1.4 Transition Period

- Preparation ( 2015.1.4 ~ D0 )
- Transition ( D0 ~ D0+7days )
- Stable Operation ( D0+8 ~ D0+30days )

## D0 Transition day





## Human (confidence)

Training: Controllers/Technicians

Evaluation: familiar with all changes

## The new system(V5)

Sufficient testing

Stable and reliable

## Other related systems

Sufficient testing

No impact on normal operation

## Management preparation

New procedures and documents



**D0:**  
**2015.6.2**

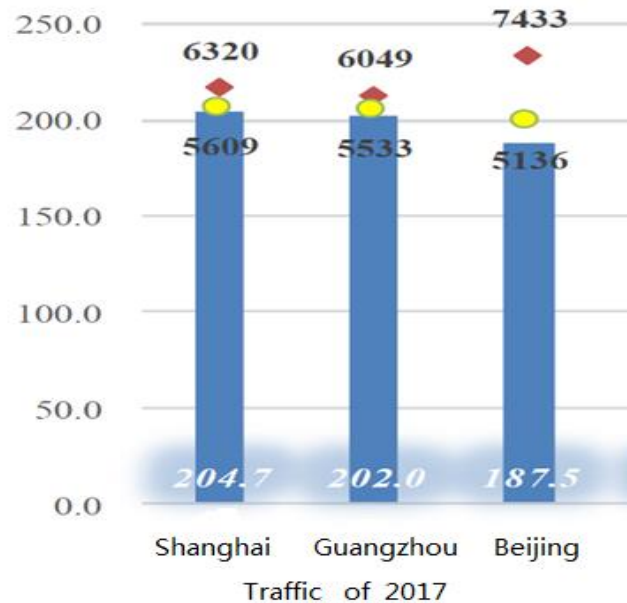


# 1.6 After Transition

**Shanghai+HeFei: 2015.6.2**

**Guangzhou: 2015.11**

**Beijing+TianJin: 2016.4**



**Traffic of 2017**





## 1. Background

## 2. Challenges and Solutions

## 3. Conclusions and Suggestions



**Challenge 1 : A slight move in one part may affect the situation as a whole.**

- **The automation system is the key part of the whole ATM operation**
- **10+ related departments**
- **10+ related systems**
- **100+ major tasks**
- **500+ detailed procedures**



**Challenge 1 : A slight move in one part may affect the situation as a whole.**

**Solutions: pursuing delicacy management, focusing on details**

- **Transition plan (11 revised versions, 20,000 + words)**
- **Work breakdown (schedule date for each task, responsibilities to each person)**
- **Standard phrases + predefined steps for all (precise + save time)**



## Challenge 1 : A slight move in one part may affect the situation as a whole.

4.	自动化协调岗在 Thales V6.7.2 detach 4 路专线 AIDC 和 GRIB 链路；	技保中心。
	技术主任通知网络公司（20900）。	
5.	（通报用语：将 Thales V6.7.2 外接信号切换到 Thales V5） 请网络公司将 Thales V6.7.2 上的 GRIB, AIDC(上海到北京、广州、台北和青岛)信号切换到 Thales V5。请网络公司完成切换后与技保电话确认；	技保中心/网络公司。
6.	自动化协调岗在 Thales V5 attach 4 路专线 AIDC, GRIB 链路，并确认链路正常；	技保中心。
	技术主任通知转报(27921)。	
7.	（通报用语：开启老前置的模拟 AIDC 功能） 打开老前置上海与北京，广州，台北，青岛，济南 AIDC 协议的模拟 EST 开关。	技保中心/网络公司。
	技术主任通知气象中心(27560)。	
8.	（通报用语：重发 GRIB 数据） 技术主任通知气象中心(27560)重发 GRIB 数据，自动化协调岗在 V5 FDX 的... 日本确认 GRIB 数据正确接收，并在席位界面上开启 GRIB 数据显	技保中心/气象中心。

Every step is covered in the procedure checklist





## Challenge 2 : Race against the clock

- **No shadow period** before transition
- **Must complete transition over one night**
- **No impact on** normal operation of the next day (New system & other related systems)





## Challenge 2 : Race against the clock

### Solutions:

- Detailed procedures, covered every step
- 6 rehearsals ,keep improving
- Redesign connection , switch among systems within second



make perfection more perfect



## Challenge 2 : Race against the clock

### Solutions:

- **Resort the whole procedures:**
  - **Steps must be done in order**
  - **Steps can be done in parallel**
  - **Steps can be done ahead**
- **Exact time of each step/command**
- **Reasonable rollback time**

**Transition time reduced from 9 to 2 hours**

		Generate <sup>Ⓞ</sup>	Distribute <sup>Ⓞ</sup>
编译并发布 上海离线数据 <sup>Ⓞ</sup>	HQBY <sup>Ⓞ</sup>		(10S)
	HQRT <sup>Ⓞ</sup>		(10S)
	PDBY <sup>Ⓞ</sup>		(10S)
	PDRT <sup>Ⓞ</sup>		(10S)
	SHBY <sup>Ⓞ</sup>		(10S)
	SHER <sup>Ⓞ</sup>		( 30S)
	SHTM <sup>Ⓞ</sup>		(45S)

注: Generate 时每个分区的 .AIF、.ACF 文件会更新到现在时<sup>Ⓞ</sup>

DISTRIBUTE 时会自动生成 NEW\_DATA 目录, HQRT、PDRT 只发 CDP 的 CENTRAL 目录<sup>Ⓞ</sup>

	check_central.sh <sup>Ⓞ</sup>	check_central_oper.sh <sup>Ⓞ</sup>	check_oper.sh <sup>Ⓞ</sup>
SHTM <sup>Ⓞ</sup>			



### Challenge 3 : The “new” system must be stable and reliable enough to support the full scale operation

- **5000+** flights per day, **800+** system tracks at the same time
- **5** new software versions
- **118** new **PCRs** created after SAT
- **Only limited positions** could be used for testing



### Challenge 3 : The “new” system must be stable and reliable enough to support the full scale operation

#### Solutions:

- **Testing**, testing, testing, hundreds of test cases, test tools to simulate complicated environment
- **Problem by problem**, analyzation and evaluation
- **Coordination** ,**expert** dedicated on site efficient
- **Rehearsals with backup system**

**Both systems must be reliable**



## Challenge 4 : Technicians and controllers needed to be confident

- More than 10% HMI differences
- New functionalities
- New CSCIs



## Challenge 4 : Technicians and controllers needed to be confident

### Solutions

- Set up some extra new positions besides the operational ones
- Prepare **knowledge checklist**
- Theoretical training + practical **training**
- testing and evaluating one by one, only **qualified** technicians and controllers could be on duty again

**Knowledge + practice + skills = confidence**





### Challenge 5 : How to respond in case of system failure after transition?

- maintain the same operational level , especially in rush hours
- decision making plan , **rollback?**
- Limited “shadow”, **synchronization** among systems





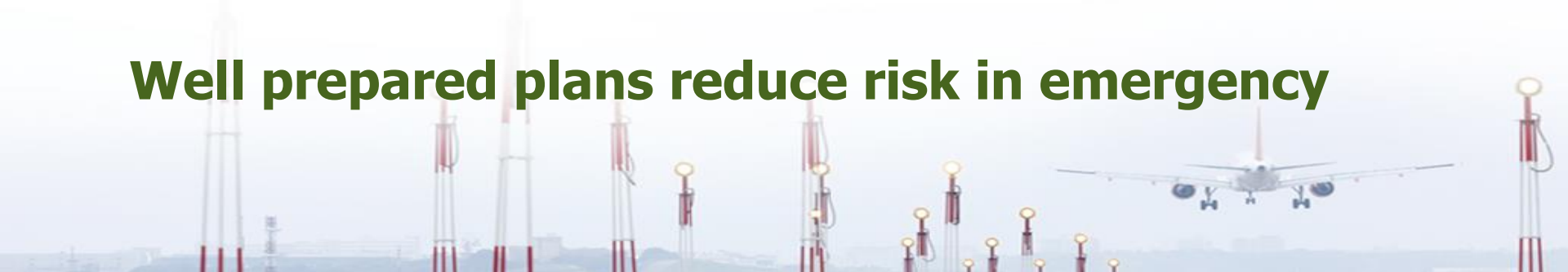


### Challenge 5 : How to respond in case of system failure after transition?

#### Solutions

- **contingency plan, scenarios , different level of failure in different partition result in different emergency response, improved after rehearsals**
- **develop special tools to synchronize information among systems**
- **Conference everyday (Wechat & internal network meeting etc.)**
- **Workaround to avoid triggering software bug**

**Well prepared plans reduce risk in emergency**

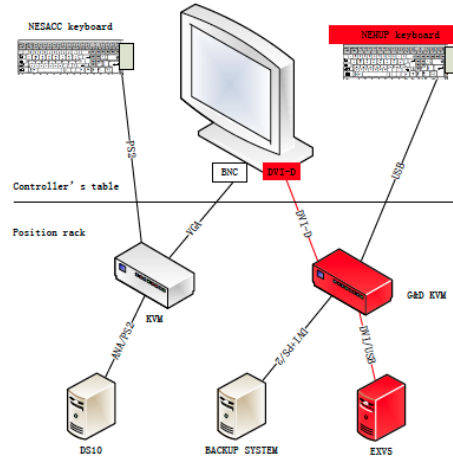
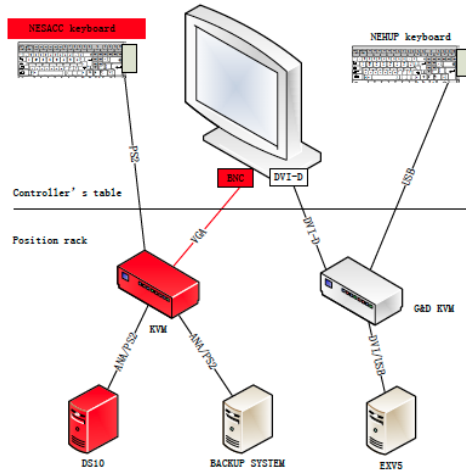


# 2 Challenges and Solutions

## Challenge 5 : How to respond in case of system failure after transition?

### Solutions

### Switching plan among the 3 systems, switch within second





# 1. Background

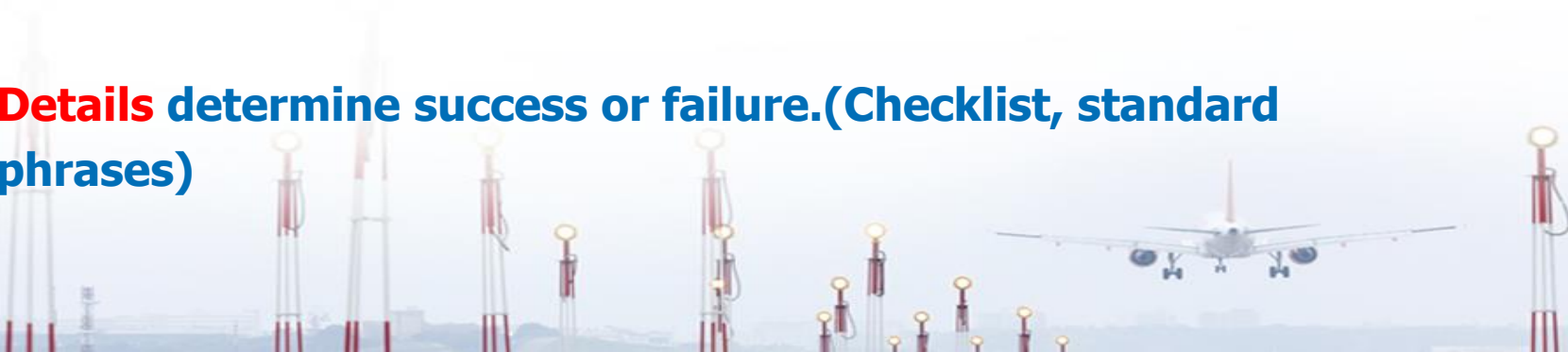
# 2. Challenges and Solutions

# 3. Conclusions and Suggestions





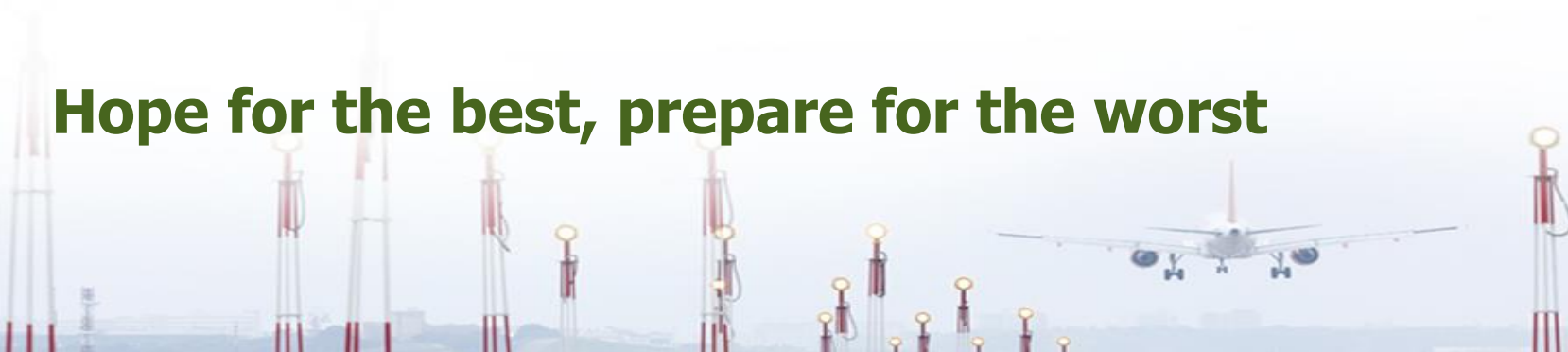
- Targeting date needs to be set , but can't be fixed. **Safety is the key factor.**
- Problems are not scary, the worst thing is we don't know what is the risk. There are more ways than problems. **Sufficient tests and rehearsals** are necessary. The more problems found ahead, the safer the future operation is.
- **Details** determine success or failure.(Checklist, standard phrases)





- **Confidence** of the technicians and controllers on site is very important. A man of skill is bold, can response calmly in emergency.
- Feasible **contingency plan** and reliable **backup system** are necessary in case of system failure.

**Hope for the best, prepare for the worst**





## Suggestions

1. **Avoid online transition, which is much more complicated and risky than real physical transition.**
2. **The scale of each ATC center/automation system needs to be controlled .Balance between efficiency and safety. Industry and CNS providers cooperate to define data exchange standard among ATC related systems.**





| ICAO



中国民用航空局

空中交通管理局

Air Traffic Management Bureau, CAAC

Thank You !

